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30 Apr 98

SUBJECT: Authorization for Release of Technical Information, Control Number: AFRL-PR-ED-TP-1998-090

H.Y. Yoo and Jerry Boatz "Theoretical Study of the Mechanism of the Decomposition Process of High Energy Density Materials"

HEDM Conference Presentation (Statement A)

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Theoretical Study of the Mechanism of the Decomposition Process of High Energy Density Materials

Hi Young Yoo and Jerry Boatz*

*Air Force Research Laboratory, Edwards AFB, CA 93524-7680 National Research Council, Washington, DC 20418

AFOSR HEDM CONTRACTOR'S MEETING 5/18-20, 1998 MONTEREY, CA

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Theoretical Study of the Mechanism of the Decomposition Process of High Energy Density Materials

Hi Young Yoo and Jerry Boatz

National Research Council, Washington, DC 20418 Air Force Research Laboratory, Edwards AFB, CA 93524-7680

One of the goals of the HEDM program is the development of high performance monopropellants which are also less toxic than currently used systems such as hydrazine. Included in this effort is the characterization of decomposition mechanisms, as an initial step toward identification of a suitable catalyst. *Ab initio* quantum mechanical calculations are performed on the decomposition mechanisms of [NH₂Me₂][†][NO₃], a potential monopropellant replacement for hydrazine. The potential energy surfaces of two gas-phase decomposition processes have been explored: (1) proton transfer and (2) methyl cation transfer reactions. These reaction pathways have been examined for both the isolated cation [NH₂Me₂][†] and in the presence of a counter anion, X=Cl, [NO₃]. For X=Cl, transition states for both pathways have been located at the RHF/6-31G* level and the corresponding intrinsic reaction coordinates (IRCs) have been traced. Comparison of activation barriers and reaction enthalpies for these gas-phase decomposition pathways will be presented here.

$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[X] \rightarrow NHMe_2 + HX \tag{1}$$

$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[X]^- \rightarrow NH_2Me + MeX$$
 (2)

Hydrazine is the state of the art monopropellant currently. However, it has several disadvantages including toxicity, volatility, and handling.

Researchers are continually looking for new monopropellant candidates which include energetic materials such as substituted ammonium salts. Our research effort has concentrated on the decomposition routes of some carried out by our group to explore possible decomposition mechanisms. HEDM materials. Ab initio quantum mechanical calculations have been

The model compounds under study are $[NH_2Me_2]^+[X]$, where $X = NO_3$ and Cl, and $[N(NH_2)_2Me_2]^+[NO3]$.

- · To map out the potential energy surface of these model compounds
- To determine the energetics of decomposing species
- · To design a catalyst that stabilizes the transition state

Decomposition Mechanisms of [NH₂Me₂]⁺[X]⁻, $X = CI \text{ or } NO_3$

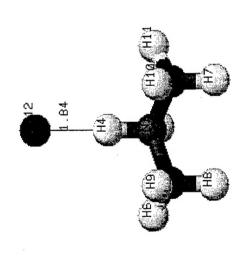
Proton Transfer

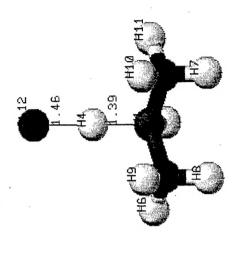
$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[X]^- \rightarrow NHMe_2 + HX$$

Methyl Cation Transfer

$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[X]^- \rightarrow NH_2Me + MeX$$

A Proton Transfer Transition Structure of [NH2Me2] [CI] At RHF/6-31G*(6d)





Intermediate Complex

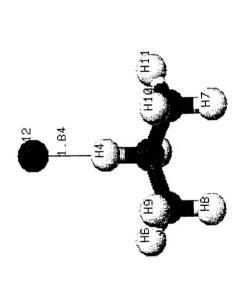
Transition Structure

Energy (kcal/mol)

0.0

77

A Methyl Cation Transfer Transition Structure of [NH₂Me₂]⁺[CI]⁻ At RHF/6-31G*(6d)



Transition Structure

Energy (kcal/mol)

Intermediate Complex

0.0

41.6

Calculated Reaction Energies of [NH₂Me₂]⁺[Cl]

Proton Transfer

$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[CI]^- \rightarrow NHMe_2 + HCI$$

$$[NH_2Me_2]^+[CI]^- \rightarrow NH_2Me + MeCI$$

8.1 kcal/mol

CONCLUSION

Based on the ab initio calculation studies of [NH2Me2] [CI]

- process is much lower than that of the methyl cation transfer • The activation energy of the proton transfer decomposition pathway.
- The transition structure of proton transfer is much tighter than that of methyl cation transfer.
- The methyl cation transfer pathway is 2.6 kcal/mol less endothermic than the proton transfer process.
- Our calculations imply that the proton transfer is most likely the first step to occur in the decomposition process of [NH₂Me₂][†][CI].